Toolkit 1

VISIBLE RIGHTS CONFERENCE SEQUELS:

A PARTICIPATORY PHOTOGRAPHY TOOLKIT FOR PRACTITIONERS AND EDUCATORS

COMPILED FOR THE CULTURAL AGENTS INITIATIVE SPRING, 2007

BY GRETCHEN SEGARS

Table of Contents

SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY	
PARTICIPATORY PHOTOGRAPHY	
PEDAGOGY	7
PSYCHOLOGY AND PHOTOGRAPHY	
VISUAL ANTHROPOLOGY	8
Organizations	9
Available Curriculum	
Participatory Workshops:	
Video and other instruction	
Other Links	
Funding Opportunities	
Evaluation Tools:	

SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY PARTICIPATORY PHOTOGRAPHY

Abbe, M., (1994)"Enlarging a Kid's World," Star Tribune, 12 May, 1(E).

- Aitken, S.C., J. Wingate. (1993). A Preliminary Study of the Self-Directed Photography of Middle-Class, Homeless, and Mobility-Impaired Children. *Professional Geographer* 45(1):65-72.
- Ashburn, L. (2007). Photography in Pink Classrooms. *International Journal of Art and Design Education*. 26(1) p.31-38.

Berger, J. (1980). About Looking. New York: Pantheon.

Boyd, V. (1994). Through a Child's Eye. about...time May:16-17.

Brown, D., and W. Ewald. (1993). *Literacy through Photography: A Teacher's Guide*. Houston.

- Bruner, V. (1985). Cameras in the classroom. Learning 13: 68-69.
- Carroad, D. (1994). Shooting Back: giving focus to kids' lives; homeless children's photographs. *Children Today* 23(1):16-19.
- Chawla, L. (1992). Childhood Place Attachments. In I. Altman & S.M. Low (eds.), *Place Attachment*. New York: Plenum Press.
- Chiozzi, P. Yearbook of Visual Anthropology: 1942-1992 Fifty Years After "Balinese Character." Florence, Italy: Angelo Pontecorboli Editore.
- Collier, Jr., J. (1967). *Visual Anthropology: Photography as a Research Method*. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston.

Crawford, J. (1996). Through My Eyes. SchoolArts 95:28.

- Curriculum Review. (1995). Students use photography to focus on math and writing skills. *Curriculum Review* 35:8.
- Damico, S.B. (1985). The Two Worlds of School: Differences in the Photographs of Black and White Adolescents. *The Urban Review* 17(3):210-222.

De Sales, T. (2005). Hope seen through the eyes of 10 Australian Yong People. *Journal of Advance Nursing*.52(5).

- Dixon M. and Hadjialexiou, M. Photographic Visions and Narrative Inquiry. *Narrative Inquiry* 12(1) p. 87-111.
- Ewald, W. (1992). *Magic Eyes: Scenes from an Andean Girlhood*. Seattle, WA: Bay Press.
- Ewald, W. (1995). Portraits and Dreams: *Photographs and Stories by Children of the Appalachians*. New York: Writers and Readers Publications, Inc.
- Ewald, W. (1996). *I Dreamed I Had a Girl in My Pocket: The Story of an Indian Village*. New York: Doubletake Books and W.W. Norton.
- Goldberg, V. (1991). The Power of Photography. New York: Abbeville Press.
- Hart, R. (1997). Children's Participation. London: Earthscan Publications Ltd.
- Hollingsworth, C.R. (1985). Combining words and images: Photography in the classroom. *Journal of Reading* 28: 556-559.
- Hubbard, J. (1991). *Shooting Back: A Photographic View of Life by Homeless Children*. San Francisco: Chronicle Books.
- Hubbard, J., "Shooting Back photographers bring self-esteem into focus," *Star Tribune*, 22 April 1994, 20(A).
- Jetter, A. (1993). "Mississippi Learning," The New York Times Magazine.
- Kardas, P. (1998). 48 hours in the life of a child. PSA Journal July.
- Kellert, S. (1996). The Value of Life. Washington, DC: Island Press.
- Loughrey, J. (1998). Setting kids straight. Photo District News. June.
- McCaughan, E. (2006). Notes on Mexican Art, Social Movements and Anzaldas "Conocimiento." *Social Justice*, 33(2) 153-164.
- McInroy, T. (2006). Fresh Eyes: For Kids In Jail, Photography Opens Up A World That's Often Closing In On Them. *News Photographer*, *61*(9), 19-21.
- McKenzie, B., and J. Hurt. (1995). Integrating Photography into the curriculum inexpensively. School *Library Media Activities Monthly* 11:36-38.
- Miller, C. (2006). Images from the Streets: Art for Social Change from the Homelessness Photography Project. *Social Justice*, *33*(2), 122-134.
- Monteiro, J.M.C, and S. Dollinger. An Autophotographic Study of Poverty, Collective Orientation, and Identity Among Street Children. *The Journal of Social Psychology* 138(3):403-406.

- National Foundation for the Improvement of Education. (1983-1984). *Cameras in the Curriculum: A Challenge to Teacher Creativity*. An NEA/Kodak program administered by the National Foundation for the Improvement of Education.
- Osborne, J., L. Yocum, and D. Morgan. (1995). Ways to Use Photography in the Early Childhood Classroom. *Day Care and Early Education* 22:14-17.
- Pastor, E., and E. Kerns. (1997). A digital snapshot of an early childhood classroom. *Educational Leadership* 55(3):42-45.
- Samiljan, A. (1996). Fun with Photography. SchoolArt 95:14-15.
- Sinatra, R., J.S. Beaudry, J. Stahl-Gemake, and E.F. Guastello. (1990). Combining visual literacy, text understanding, and writing for culturally diverse students. *Journal* of Reading 33:612-617.
- Singhal, A. (2006). Pencils and Photos as Tools of Communicative Praxis. *International Communication Gazette*.68(4). P. 313-340.
- Singhal, A., (2004). Participatory photography in Entertainment-Education. Fourth International Entertainment Education Conference, Cape Town, SA, 2004. <u>http://www.ee4.org/Papers/EE4_Singhal.pdf</u>
- Smith, P.T. (1995). Heritage through the lens. SchoolArts 94:33.
- Sontag, S. (1978). On Photography. New York: Farrar, Straus & Giroux.
- Szarkowski, J. (1966). "The Thing Itself," in *The Photographer's Eye*. Museum of Modern Art.

Strack, R., Magill, C., McDonagh, K.. (2003). <u>Engaging Youth Through</u> <u>Photovoice</u>.Health Promotion Practice, 5 (1), 49-58.

Time-Life Books Editors. (1971). Photojournalism. New York: Time-Life Books.

Tress, A. (1967). *The Dream Collector*. Avon Books. (excerpt)

Wagner, J. (1979). Images of Information. Beverly Hills, CA: Sage Publications.

- Wang, C. (2006) Youth Participation in Photovoice as a Strategy for Community Change. Journal of Community Practice. 14(1,2) p.147-161.
- Wang, C. (1998). Project: Photovoice Involving Homeless Men and Women of Washtenaw County, Michigan. *Health Education & Behavior* February 1998:9-10.

- Wang, C., and M.A. Burris. (1994). Empowerment through Photo Novella: Portraits of Participation. *Health Education Quarterly* 2(2): 171-186.
- Wang, C., and M.A. Burris. (1997). Photovoice: Concept, Methodology, and Use for Participatory Needs Assessment. *Health Education & Behavior* 24(3): 369-387.
- Wang, C., M.A. Burris, and X.Y. Ping. (1996). Chinese Village Women as Visual Anthropologists: A Participatory Approach to Reaching Policymakers. *Social Science Medicine* 42(10): 1391-1400.
- Wang, C., W.K. Yi, Z.W. Tao, and K. Carovano. (1998). Photovoice as a Participatory Health Promotion Strategy. *Health Promotion International* 13(1):75-86.
- Wang, C., Y.L. Yuan, and M.L. Feng. (1996). Photovoice as a Tool for Participatory Evaluation: The Community's View of Process and Impact. *Journal of Contemporary Health* 4:47-49.
- Wang, C., Cash, J., Powers, L. (2000). Who Knows the Streets as Well as the Homeless? Promoting Personal and Community Action Through Photovoice. *Health Promotion Practice*, 1 (1): 81-89, 2000
- Wang, C. and Redwood-Jones, Y. Photovoice Ethics. *Health Education and Behavior*, 28 (5): 560-572, 2001
- Wang, C., (1999). Photovoice: A Participatory Action Research Strategy Applied to Women's Health. *Journal of Women's Health*. 8 (2):185-192.
- Wang, C and Killion, C. (2000). Linking African American Mothers Across Life Stage and Station Through Photovoice. *Journal of Health Care for the Poor and Underserved*, 11 (3), 310-325.
- Wang, C., Morrel-Samuels, S., Hutchison, P., Bell, L., Pestronk, R. Flint Photovoice: Community Building Among Youth, Adults, and Policy Makers. *American Journal of Public Health*, 94 (6): 911-913, 20.
- Wang, c. and Burris, M. (1994). Empowerment through Photovoice: Portraits of Participation. *Health Education Quarterly*, 21 (2): 171-186, 1994
- Winter, T. (Fall 2005) Lessons through the Lens: Youth as Photographers. *Reclaiming Children and Youth*. 14(3), p.148-151.
- Ziller, R.C. 1990. *Photographing the Self: Observing self, social environmental orientations*. San Francisco: Sage Publications.
- Ziller, R.C., and B.A. Rorer. 1985. Shyness-environment interaction: A view from the shy side through auto-photography. *Journal of Personality* 53(4);626-637.

- Ziller, R.C., and D. Lewis. 1981. Orientations: Self, Social and Environmental Percepts Through Auto-Photography. *Personality and Social Psychology Bulletin* 7(2):338-343.
- Ziller, R.C., and D.E. Smith. 1977. A phenomenological utilization of photographs. Journal of Phenomenological Psychology 7:172-185.
- Ziller, R.C., H. Vern, and C. Camacho de Santoya. 1988. The Psychological Niche of Children of Poverty or Affluence through Auto-Photography. *Children's Environments Quarterly* 5(2):34-39.

SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

PEDAGOGY

Brown, D., and W. Ewald. (1993). *Literacy through Photography: A Teacher's Guide*. Houston.

- Bruner, V. (1985). Cameras in the classroom. Learning 13: 68-69.
- Delpit, L. (1995). "The Silenced Dialogue: Power and Pedagogy in Educating Other People's Children," in *Other People's Children: Cultural Conflict in the Classroom.* New Press.
- Delpit., L. (1995). "Language Diversity and Learning," in Other People's Children: Cultural Conflict in the Classroom. New Press.
- Ortiz, A. (2003). "Addressing the Needs of Latinos in Special Education," in Valentina Kloosterman's (ed.) *Latino Students in American Schools: Historical and Contemporary Views*. Praeger.
- Edwards, C., L. Gandini, and G. Forman. (1993). *The Hundred Languages of Children: The Reggio Approach to Early Childhood Education*. Norwood, New Jersey: Ablex Publishing Corporation.
- Ferguson, A. (2001). *Bad Boys: Public Schools and the Making of Black Masculinity*. The University of Michigan Press.
- Freire, P. (1973). Education for Critical Consciousness. New York: The Seabury Press.
- Freire, P. (1993). Pedagogy of the Oppressed. New York: Continuum.
- Kaplan, I., Miles, S. and Howes, A.. Using Enquiry Based Learning in Higher Education as Curriculum Tool for Sustainable Educational Development.

- Sell, J. (1985). Children and neighborhood environmental quality. *Children's Environments Quarterly* 2:41-47.
- Wallerstein, N. (1987). Empowerment Education: Freire's Ideas Applied to Youth. *Youth Policy* 9:11-15.

SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

PSYCHOLOGY AND PHOTOGRAPHY

- Nowicki, Jr. S., and Strickland, B.R. (1973). A Locus of Control Scale for Children. Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology 40(1):148-154.
- Rappaport, J. (1987). Terms of Empowerment/Exemplars of Prevention: Toward a Theory for Community Psychology. *American Journal of Community Psychology* 15(2):121-144.
- Zimmerman, M.A. 1996. Empowerment theory: Psychological, organizational, and community levels of analysis. In J. Rappaport & E. Seldman (eds.), *Handbook of community psychology*. New York: Plenum Press.
- Zimmerman, M.A., and J. Rappaport. 1988. Citizen Participation, Perceived Control, and Psychological Empowerment. *American Journal of Community Psychology* 16(5):725-749.

SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY VISUAL ANTHROPOLOGY

- Banks, M. (2001). Visual Methods in Social Research. SAGE Publications.
- Banks, M. and Morphy, H. (1997). *Rethinking Visual Anthropology*. Yale University Press.
- Campbell, D., and J. Stanley. *Experimental and Quasi-Experimental Designs for Research*. Chicago: Rand McNally College Publishing Co.

Crawford, P. and Turton, D. (1992). Film as Ethnography. Manchester University Press.

Fetterman, D.M. (1993). Speaking the Language of Power: Communication, Collaboration and Advocacy (Translating Ethnography into Action). Washington D.C.: The Falmer Press. Fetterman, D.M. (1998). Ethnography. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.

- Fetterman, D.M., and M.A. Pitman. (1986). *Education Evaluation: ethnography in theory, practice, and politics*. Beverly Hills, CA: Sage Publications.
- Hockings, P,ed. (2003). *Principles of Visual Anthropology*_Third Edition. Mouton de Gruyter,

Naficy, H.(2001). An Accented Cinema. Princeton University Press.

Nichols, B. (1991). Representing Reality. Indiana University Press.

Ruby, J. (2000). Picturing Culture. The University of Chicago Press.

Taylor, L. (1994) Visualizing Theory: Selected Essays From Visual Anthropology Review 1990-1994. Routledge.

Visual Anthropology Review. American Anthropological Association.

- Worth, S. 1981. *Studying Visual Communication*. Philadelphia: Univ. of Pennsylvania Press.
- Worth, S., and J. Adair. 1970. Navajo Filmmakers. American Anthropologist 72:9-34.
- Worth, S., and J. Adair. 1972. *Through Navajo Eyes*. Bloomington, IN: Indiana University Press.
- Worth, S. and Adair, J. 1972. "How Do People Structure Reality Through Film?" in *Through Navajo Eyes*.

PARTICIPATORY PHOTOGRAPHY ORGANIZATIONS

Kids with Cameras

http://kids-with-cameras.org

Kids with Cameras is a non-profit organization that teaches the art of photography to marginalized children in communities around the world. We use photography to capture the imaginations of children, to empower them, building confidence, self-esteem and hope. We share their vision and voices with the world through exhibitions, books, websites and film. We are committed to furthering their general education beyond photography either by linking with local organizations to provide scholarships or by developing our own schools with a focus on leadership and the arts.

Duke Center for Documentary studies http://cds.aas.duke.edu/

The Center for Documentary Studies at Duke University teaches, engages in, and presents documentary work grounded in collaborative partnerships and extended fieldwork that uses photography, film/video, audio, and narrative writing to capture and convey contemporary memory, life, and culture.

Fotokids

http://www.fotokids.org/ Nancy McGirr

The purpose of Fotokids is to help small groups of Central American young people from the poorest of *barrios* develop useful, employable skills as a means to self-exploration, expression, and discovery. Through intensive, long-term personal relationships with teachers and mentors, participating children learn to use photography, creative writing, and computers as tools to examine their lives, families, communities and environment.

Foundation ph15

http://www.ph15.org.ar/ Martin Rosenthal

Foundation ph15 is a space for creativity and expression through the use of photography. The students are teenagers who live in Villa 15 (slum 15), also known as the "Hidden City" located in the edge of Buenos Aires. The workshop began in August 2000 as a result of a chance encounter between photographer Martin Rosenthal and a group of kids from the slum who were eager to learn photography.

AJA Project

http://www.ajaproject.org/ Shinpei Takeda

The mission of The AjA Project is to empower refugee and underprivileged youth through educational programs and to help them create better opportunities for their future. We fulfill our mission by fostering a sense of belonging and self-worth in refugee youth, as they develop valuable vocational, technical, and photography skills.

AJA Project - Disparando Cameras Para la Paz

http://www.ajaproject.org/colombiaproject.html

'Disparando Cámaras para la Paz' (DCP) allows thirty children from the communally run elementary school, Corporación Fe y Esperanza, an opportunity not only to reflect on their tumultuous lives but also to recognize that they can be protagonists rather than victims. These young photographers and their intimate portraiture of their daily lives provide a unique and insightful perspective on the perplexing Colombian conflict.

Literacy through Photography

http://cds.aas.duke.edu/ltp/index.html Wendy Ewald

Literacy Through Photography encourages children to explore their world as they photograph scenes from their own lives, and then to use their images as catalysts for verbal and written expression. Framed around four thematic explorations — self-portrait, community, family, and dreams — LTP provides children and teachers with the expressive and investigative tools of photography and writing for use in the classroom.

Fotoativa

http://www.ver-o-peso.fot.br/fotoativa.htm Miguel Chikaoka

Visual Griots Project

Academy for Educational Development http://www.shawndavisphoto.com/ http://www.aed.org/VisualGriots.cfm Shawn Davis

Visual Griots is an international program to promote community cultural development and mutual understanding among young people through the art of photography. Interactive workshops empower youth to communicate what is important about themselves and their communities, using a medium that cuts across language barriers. Skilled educators, photographers, and community leaders engage young people in a powerful process of self-exploration and expression through the lens of a camera.

Photo Exchangers

http://www.photoexchangers.net/ Marit Dewhearst Samara Hoyer- Winfield

Youth in North Cambridge and Northern Ghana participated in a cross-cultural art project this past year where they learned about their own and each other's neighborhoods. Through documentary fieldwork both groups photographed and interviewed local residents, businesses, and organizations. They made photo books of their fieldwork to exchange with their partners and analyzed each other's work, which sparked email dialog. Their email communication continues and brings new meaning to the power of cross-cultural education by youth for youth.

Voices, Inc. & Stories Matter

http://www.voicesinc.org/ Josh Schacter

We mentor youth to tell their stories using the disciplines of photography, photo documentation, creative nonfiction, journalism, oral history, digital storytelling, spoken word, and dance. Our projects usually blend at least two of these disicplines.

Voiceless Children

http://www.voicelesschildren.org/News.html Felix Masi

It is the goal of Voiceless Children to work with the youth of Kenya, to support their needs along the way as well as the needs of the grandparent or caregiver, if they are lucky enough to have this support. It is also my intent to document with photographs the progress of these children, to show the world that they indeed do have a voice and that one day they will no longer be voiceless children.

In-Sight Photography Project, Inc.

http://www.insight-photography.org/1/ Eric Maxen Program Director

In-Sight photography project is dedicated to giving teens a voice. The volunteer staff at In-Sight knows the value of the photographic image and its use of visual language to help individuals discover themselves. This process of seeing and discovering helps teach individuals about themselves through a visual language that can then be used to communicate with others. The result is teens who have

greater self-esteem and who are more willing to develop a viewpoint and present it to others. The medium of photography thus becomes a tool for building both self-esteem and communication skills.

Photovoice

http://www.photovoice.com/ Cynthia Wang

Photovoice has three goals. It enables people to record and reflect their community's strengths and problems. It promotes dialogue about important issues through group discussion and photographs. Finally, it engages policymakers. It follows the premise that, as Caroline C. Wang explains, "What experts think is important may not match what people at the grassroots think is important."

AVAILABLE CURRICULUM (FREE)

ICP Curriculum Guide:

http://www.icp.org/site/c.dnJGKJNsFqG/b.2017177/k.9B45/Curriculum_Guide.htm

Getty Museum Education: www.getty.edu/education/

PARTICIPATORY WORKSHOPS

Kenya Shootback http://www.mysakenya.org/content.php?id=21

Image-in is a tale of true stories, a project by the youth and for the youth on one of Africa's most deprived slum. With cameras in hand, ten young boys and girls have become witnesses and advocates of their own conditions. They described their realities with an unusual acuity and exceptional sincerity. Their collection of photos and stories on the Millennium Development Goals (MDG's) constitute a real documentary but also the key ingredients to voice out the real issues and addressing problems that sometimes go beyond words.

Global Photovoice UK

www.photovoice.org Anna Blackman, Tiffany Fairey

At PhotoVoice we encourage the use of documentary photography by enabling those that have traditionally been the subject of such work to become its creator to have control over how they are perceived by the rest of the world, while simultaneously learning a new skill which can enhance their lives.

Rwanda

The Rwanda Project

www.rwandaproject.org

Through the Eyes of Children began as a photographic workshop in 2000, conceived by photographer, <u>David Jiranek</u>, and inspired by the founder of the Imbabazi Orphanage, <u>Rosamond Carr</u> - an American woman living in Rwanda since 1955. Using disposable cameras, the children originally took pictures for themselves and to share with others, exploring their community, and finding beauty as the country struggles to rebuild.

Brazil Belo Horizonte : Clicking Hearts http://www.clickinghearts.org

New Orleans, LA, USA New Orleans Kid Camera Project

<u>www.kidcameraproject.org</u> Cat Malovic, Joanna Rosenthal

The New Orleans Kid Camera Project was created to address the psychological and emotional impacts of Hurricane Katrina on children returning home to New Orleans. Through the use of photography, creative writing and mixed media, children from flooded neighborhoods explore their environment and express themselves, their stories and feelings with their friends. This project provides a venue for growth and recovery. By teaching the children tangible skills and exposing them to new means of expression, we hope to empower them to impact their lives and environment.

Bronx, NY, USA ICP at the Point www.thepoint.org

The Point Community Development Organization is a non-profit organization dedicated to youth development and the cultural and economic revitalization of the Hunts Point section of the South Bronx. We work with our neighbors to

celebrate the life and art of our community, an area traditionally defined solely in terms of its poverty, crime rate, poor schools, and sub-standard housing. We believe the area's residents, their talents and aspirations, are The Point's greatest assets. Our mission is to encourage the arts, local enterprise, responsible ecology, and self-investment in the Hunts Point community.

Tucson, AZ, USA Voices

www.voicesinc.org

In our first two fiscal years, Voices focused on mentoring projects that blended oral history, creative writing, and photo documentation and resulted in two books. The work includes the best-selling *Snapped on the Street* that focused on the story of mid-20th-century downtown as told through community's members personal photos and memories, and the bilingual stories of public housing residents in *Don't Look at Me Different/No Me Veas Diferente*.

Kentucky, USA Appalshop www.appalshop.org

Appalshop is a multi-disciplinary arts and education center in the heart of Appalachia producing original films, video, theater, music and spoken-word recordings, radio, photography, multimedia, and books.

Nepal My World, My View www.asha-nepal.org/pages/myworld Sue Carpenter

This ten-month project started in September 2006, and is helping 50 such children find their voice and communicate their viewpoint through photographs to their communities, their countrymen and the outside world. Participants include street children, sexually exploited girls, orphans and low-caste children from poor, remote villages.

Spain Punt de Vista www.photographicsocialvision.org/puntdevista/index.htm

Documenting Social Reality in Barcelona.

VIDEO AND OTHER INSTRUCTION (NOT NECESSARILY PARTICIPATORY):

Bridges to Understanding

www.bridgesweb.org

We enable children to share their cultures and issues in ther communities using technologies such as digital storytelling, live video conferencing, in-person student exchanges, and teacher-led text-based communication.

We provide an active learning environment where students from radically different backgrounds can learn learn directly from, rather than about each other. Our interactive online program connects middle school students in the developed world with their contemporaries in indigenous communities. On our website students engage one another, ask questions about each others' lives and ultimately develop mental flexibility and empathy about issues such as cultural diversity and conflict resolution.

Witness

www.witness.org

WITNESS is an international human rights organization that provides training and support to local groups to use video in their human rights advocacy campaigns. Beyond providing video cameras and editing equipment, WITNESS is committed to facilitating exposure for our <u>partners'</u> issues on a global scale. We help broker relationships with international media outlets, government officials, policymakers, activists, and the general public so that once a video is made, it can be used as a tool to advocate for change.

Video Volunteers

www.videovolunteers.org

Video Volunteers is currently a project of the <u>Creative Visions</u> foundation and is working to create a global social media network. Through the establishment of sustainable and low-cost Community Video Units in which the disenfranchised produce and distribute their own video programs, we empower local communities to lead, connect and change, and then voice their issues to a global audience. With a five-year goal of establishing 50 Community Video Units and training 200 Community Video Producers on four continents, Video Volunteers offers a vision to transform the global media landscape by enabling those who are currently excluded to be seen and heard around the world.

Barefoot Workshops

www.barefootworkshops.com

Barefoot Workshops is a media and music based educational organization where adults and youth are taught video, photography, music, and art as a way to document their surroundings, make change in the world, and most importantly, make change within themselves. With Barefoot, growing and learning as an artist means growing and learning as an individual.

The Maine Photographic Workshops

www.theworkshops.com

The Workshops was founded in 1973 as a summer conservatory for the world's photographers and filmmakers. Over the past 30 summers, The Workshops has grown into a year-round college and learning center for the world's filmmakers, photographers, actors, writers, digital artists and creative professionals. We now offer 250 one-week workshops and master classes. Rockport College came into existence in 1996 and now offers a Master of Fine Arts degree and a one-year Professional Certificate program.

International Center for Photography

www.icp.edu

The ICP School offers more than 400 courses, ranging from traditional film and darkroom practice to digital media, in addition to certificate and master's degree programs. ICP's state-of-the-art facility features black-and-white and color labs; digital labs, including resources for multimedia and digital video; and a professional shooting studio.

Global Action Project

www.global-action.org

G.A.P., in collaboration with regional organizations, works in diverse areas of the world to produce videos. Our New York City youth producers assist as peer educators. These G.A.P. producers benefit from their interactions with international cultures, and from screenings and workshops, which highlight connections between global and local issues. Global Voices programs have taken place in Cuba, Croatia, Ghana, Guatemala, Northern Ireland, Guatemala and the Middle East.

OTHER LINKS GENERAL REFERENCE:

ICP Resources/ Photography links page:

http://www.icp.org/site/c.dnJGKJNsFqG/b.886817/k.A9BC/Photography_Links.ht m

The State of the World's Children 2003 reports on <u>child participation</u> — the 'right' of all children to have their opinions taken into account when decisions are being made that affect them. The report showcases examples of meaningful child participation from every region of the world. With photos and artwork by children. <u>http://www.unicef.org/sowc03/specialtopics/index.html</u>

FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES:

New York Foundation for the Arts

http://www.nyfa.org/level1.asp?id=2

NYFA supports small and mid-sized organizations in New York State that serve the needs of artists. Through our grants and leadership programs, we help strengthen their infrastructure and capability

Global Fund for Children

http://www.globalfundforchildren.org/applyforagrant/index.html

GFC supports organizations and programs that focus on four specific issues: Learning, Enterprise, Safety, and Healthy Minds and Bodies.

Grants are awarded on an annual basis, with a typical funding relationship of three to six years. Grants range from \$5,000 to \$20,000 per year, growing in size and scope over the course of the funding relationship, and may be used for general or operating support of the grantee partner organization. GFC considers each grant an investment in the grantee organization's mission and programs as well as its institutional growth and development

The Fledgling Fund

http://www.thefledglingfund.org/Apply.html

LEWIS HINE DOCUMENTARY FELLOWS PROGRAM

http://cds.aas.duke.edu/hine/2007_Hine_Application.pdf 2007 APPLICATION

Center for Documentary Studies at Duke University

The Lewis Hine Documentary Fellows Program at the Center for Documentary Studies places recent Duke graduates* in ten-month fellowships with humanitarian nongovernmental and nonprofit organizations in the United States and abroad. Lewis Hine Fellows focus primarily on issues of socially and economically marginalized young children and adolescents, and their families and communities, emphasizing the role of documentary work in advocacy and policy arenas. Fellows work in the tradition of photographer Lewis Hine to document authentically the lives and experiences of children and adolescents and to disseminate that documentary work to benefit these children and others in similar situations. The founding goals of the Hine Program are twofold:

Open Society/Soros Foundation

www.soros.org/grants

OSI initiatives award grants, scholarships, and fellowships on a regular basis throughout the year. Applicants can determine their eligibility and view relevant initiatives and application guidelines

Warhol Foundation

http://www.warholfoundation.org/

Grants are made on a project basis to curatorial programs at museums, artists' organizations and other cultural institutions to originate innovative and scholarly presentations of contemporary visual arts. Projects may include exhibitions, catalogues and other organizational activities directly related to these areas.

Grant requests are reviewed twice a year, in the spring and fall. The postmark deadlines for proposals are March 1 with notification on July 1, and September 1 with notification on January 1. Organizations that have previously received support from the foundation must wait at least two years before reapplying. (Organizations that receive two-year grants must wait at least three years before reapplying.)

National Endowment for the Arts

www.nea.gov/grants/index.html

Learning in the Arts for Children and Youth: To advance arts education for children and youth in school-based or community-based settings. An organization may request a grant amount from \$5,000 to \$150,000. (Deadline: June 11, 2007)

Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs http://exchanges.state.gov/education/citizens/culture/grants/ The ECA Cultural Programs Division provides grants to U.S. nonprofit organizations to carry out exchange programs in the arts, arts management, and arts education. The purpose of each exchange program is to provide engagement with youth, particularly those with limited opportunities, to promote American heritage in the arts, to demonstrate respect for foreign cultures, and to promote mutual understanding between the people of United States and other countries.

Surdna Foundation

http://www.surdna.org/grants/grants_list.htm?cat_id=949

The Surdna Foundation makes grants to nonprofit organizations in the areas of environment, community revitalization, effective citizenry, the arts, and the nonprofit sector. We strongly encourage you to read the specific guidelines for the program to which you intend to apply.

Evaluation Tools:

Youth Learn http://www.youthlearn.org/youthmedia/evaluation/youthparticipatory_eval.asp

Curriculum Tools and Evaluation Techniques <u>http://www.unescobkk.org/fileadmin/user_upload/apeid/Conference/ppt/ikaplan_</u> <u>PPT.pdf</u>

Fetterman, D.M., S. Kaftarian, and A. Wandersam. 1996. *Empowerment Evaluation: Knowledge and Tools for Self-Assessment & Accountability.* Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.

Feuerstein, M. (1986) Partners in Evaluation: Evaluating Development and Community Programmes with Participants. Teaching Aids at Low Cost, St.Albans, UK.